

2.

# 1. SIMPLE PRESENT AND PRESENT CONTINUOUS

1.	Complete the sentences with the verbs below. Use the Present Simple affirmative or negative. There
	are more verbs than you need.

ride • weigh • not sleep • live • give • not eat • eat • drink • not study • do • kiss • hunt
1. Tigers in Asia. There are many tigers in China.
2. Giraffes meat. They are vegetarians.
3. A new baby about three or four kilos.
4. People often on horses.
5. Most hamsters at night. They play at night.
6 your snake mice?
7. NellyFrench at school.
8. Preston often his homework in the afternoon.
Translate the following sentences:
Mi hermana rara vez leen el periódico.
(+)
(?)
El presidente casi nunca lee las cartas que le manda su hermano.
(+)
(?)
Los profesores siempre enseñan en Howarts.
(+)
(?)
El avión a menudo vuela los lunes.
(+)



3. Complete the sentences with the verbs below. Use the correct form of the Present Continuous.

cook • run • play • ride • use 1. Kim ...... her bike to the library now. 2. I can't talk right now. I ...... dinner. 3. ..... you ..... the computer at the moment? 4. Where's Dad? He ..... football, because his sports shoes are under the bed. 4. Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets. Use the Present Simple or Present Continuous. 1. Coffee beans ...... (grow) in Brazil. 2. Where ...... Tina usually ...... (sit)? 3. Jo's at school. She ...... (shop) now. 4. Bert ...... (understand) the homework because it's very difficult. 5. Correct the mistakes. 1. I leave right now. 2. How many money has Jessica got? 3. Harry doesn't studies English on Mondays. ..... 4. There aren't some onions in the house.



# 2. SIMPLE PAST

1. Copy the theory of the simple past including the rules of –ed formation.



2. Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets. Use the Past Simple							
1. I (not buy) food last night.							
2							
3. We (bring) a present to the party.							
4. The cats (eat) in the garden.							
3.Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets.Use the Past Simple							
1. Last night, I (not do) my homework.							
2. I Mike in London last week.							
3. My mother (give) me a present in 2005.							
4. Jane (finish) packing her suitcase two days ago.							
5James(eat) the pizza?							
4.Translate the following sentences:							

- 2. ¿Estaba ella en bici cuando empezó a llover?

1. Compramos todos los libros de la tienda.

WRITE A COMPOSITION (10 LINES) USING THE PREVIOUS TIME TENSES YOU HAVE STUDIED (PRESENT AND PAST TENSES):



# 3. PAST CONTINUOUS:

1. Copy the theory of the Past continuous (structure, uses, and -ing formation)



1. Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets. Use the Past Continuous
1. I
2.Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets.Use the Past Simple or Past Continuous.
<ol> <li>At 8.00 last night, I</li></ol>
3.Translate the following sentences: (1 point)
<ol> <li>Yo estaba navegando cuando vi un tiburón.</li> <li>¿Estabais limpiando cuando el perro entró en la tienda?</li> </ol>
4.MODAL VERBS:  1. Copy 5 different categories of the Modal Verbs with examples:
Possibility:
Advice:
Obligation:
Absence of need:
Prohibition:

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2.	Complete the sentences with the correct form of the modals below. Use each modal only once. should • could • might • must • can • may • had to• have to
	1. Two years ago, I speak French at all, but now I speak well.
	2. I'm tired. I hope we wait long for the bus.
	3 you help me change the display on my mobile phone?
	4. Ted never misses school, but he's not here today. He be ill.
	Complete the sentences with the correct form of must, should, have to, may or might. There may be ore than one correct answer. (2 points)  1. There's a "No Smoking" sign on the wall. You smoke in here.
	2 you bring ice cream to the party? We'll need a lot.
	3. I don't know if I call Danny, or wait for him to call me.
	4. I practise the guitar last night. I had too much homework to do.
	5. lt rain. lt's cloudy.

# 5. TO INFINITIVE AND -ING FORMS:

1 . Copy the theory of the book.



2	Fill the	gans with	the correcto	form of	Infinives or	geriinds
<b>~</b> .		Sups with	tile collecto	10111101	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	Scranas.

1.	l don't mind <b>(eat)</b> vegetables.
2.	Paul goes (jog) after breakfast.
3.	We might (get) a pizza for dinner.
4.	Susan loves (bake) desserts.
5.	Maria would like (visit) the food festival.
6.	You should always (clean) vegetables before you eat them.
7.	Katy wants (learn) how to cook.
8.	Peter can't (join) us tonight at the restaurant.

#### 3. Translate the following sentences:

- a. ¿Quieres venir al restaurante conmigo?
- b. Yo disfruto cocinando con mis hermanos.
- c. Deberías leer más libros de aventuras.
- d. No me importa recogerte en tu casa.
- e. Me gusta jugar al tenis por las tardes.
- f. Odio jugar al futbol los Lunes.

#### 6. PRESENT PERFECT SIMPLE VS SIMPLE PAST.

1. Complete the sentences with the verbs below. Use the Present Perfect Simple.



7	Complete the centences	Ilco the Drecent Derfect Sin	nple or the Present Perfect Continuous.
∠.	Complete the sentences	. 036 the Flescht Fehlett Sill	ipie di tile Fresent Ferrect Continudus.

1.The childminder	(not take) the boys to the park yet.			
2 the lifeguard	(save) anyone in the pool yet?			
3.The engineers	(plan) that bridge that is huge.			
4.The surgeon alread	dy (look) at my broken leg.			

# 3. Write the sentences in English:

- El juez ha trabajado todo el día.
- Mi hermana acaba de hacer los deberes
- Yo he trabajado desde las 8.
- ¿Alguna vez ha ganado tu amigo un premio?
- 4. Copy the theory of the Present Perfect Simple with all the particles.



- 7. FUTURE TENSES (will, to be going to and present continuous)
- 1. Copy the theory of these grammar points:



2	Choose	the	correct	answers

- 1. We are not going to play / don't play / won't play tennis this weekend. Bill is busy.
- 2. Don't worry. I am fixing / am going to fix / will fix it for you.
- 3. Hurry up! The bus will leave / leave / leaves at 10 o'clock.
- 4. She doesn't think her parents are allowing / will allow / are going to allow her to go to the concert.
- 5. Does the film begin / Will the film begin / The film is going to begin at 6.00 or 7.00?

# 3. Choose the correct verbs to complete the opinions about skyscraper cities. Use will, be going to or the Present Continuous. (2 points)

	Amy: Building skyscraper cities is a brilliant idea. I think people 1 (not nee	d)less energy and
	electricity. They 2 (Use) cars to get places. I hope life 3	. easier (be)
	Jay: I'm not sure. They 4 (be) good for the environment but they sound	quite ugly. l 5.
	(read) more about the idea on the Internet later today.	
	Zoe: I told my father about skyscraper cities. He's an architect. He loves the idea	ı. Next week, he
	6(meet) with a group of architects. He 7(talk)with	n them about the
	idea. He believes that in the future, all cities 8(have) a lot of skyscr	apers.
<del>4</del> .	Write sentences with the words below. Use will, be going to, Present Continuous or Pre There may be more than one correct answer. (2 points)	esent Simple.
	1. the race / I / think / tomorrow / I / win / .	
	2. not / have dinner / we / tonight / in a restaurant /	
	3. we / watch / in the town square / this afternoon / a play /	
	4. the plane / leave / when / ?	



# **8. RELATIVE PRONOUNS:**

1. Copy the theory of the relative pronouns:



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1.	Complete t	ne	sentences	with	TNE	correct	relative	pronouns.
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1. That's the man	painted our house.
2. Summer is the time	we usually go to the beach.
3. This is the place	I meet Ann.
4. She's the teacher	students won first prize.
5. Is there a plumber	can come to the house today?
6.I know an artist	paints beautifully.

# 3. Join each pair of sentences by using relative pronouns. The underlined words will help you.

- 1. This is the building. It was built by my grandfather.
- 2. James is very lazy. He did not read the book.
- 3. Jane bought the bicycle. It is in the street.
- 4. Milan is the city. The final of the champions league was played there.