

ACTIVITIES TO DO OVER THE SUMMER.

*Listening.

-Choose 2 listenings of EACH UNIT and practise them to improve.

Write the answers in a sheet of paper.

* Reading and grammar:

- Practise the exercises from this documents.
- -You can also practise readings from the book.

*One minute speaking:

- -At home practise 3 different topics:
- People
- Animals
- Inventions.

Writings: 90-100 words

You have to do 3 writings:

- Describe your favourite place.
- Write a story about your last holidays.
- Write a story beginning like this: "Suddenly the telephone rang and I woke up".

You can use the interactive book to keep practising all the activities online.

Also you can read FICTION EXPRESS to keep improving your ENGLISH.



1ºESO Unit 1

1.Read the text about twins.

TWINS

Tom and Greg are twins. They look the same. They are tall and thin and they have got dark eyes and black hair. They are good students – clever and hard-working. They have got the same personality, too. They are quiet, shy and serious. Tom sometimes starts a sentence and Greg finishes it. Jessie and John are twins too, but they look different. They have got fair hair but Jessie's hair is long and straight and John's hair is short and curly. Jessie is clever and she is hard-working. John is clever too, but he is sometimes lazy. John and Jessie are often good friends, but sometimes they aren't – just like many other brothers and sisters.

Complete the questions with Who, What or Why. Then answer the questions.

1colo	our is Tom's hair?	
2doe	s Jessie's hair loo	k like?
3do	•	
		ilar to other brothers and sisters?
5	is quiet and ser	ous?
2.Choose the corre	ct word.	
	A	Camera for the Blind
We often hear (19) new inventions. Many of them (20) our lives easier. Read about an amazing invention that helps people who cannot see. It is called the Touch Sight camera.		
The Touch Sight camera was invented in 2008 (21)		
special screen on the	back of the camera	to take a picture, they hold the camera up to their forehead. A touches the photographer's forehead and (24) the or she takes the picture and saves it.
19 A on 20 A make 21 A from 22 A path 23 A Where 24A tries	B about B do B at B way B When B gives	C from C have C by C plan C How C helps



3.Complete the paragraph with the correct form of to be or have got.
1
4.Complete the first sentence with have got or has got. Complete the second sentence with the word in bold and the Saxon Genitive.
1.Simon a pet dog. This is dog. 2.My brother a computer. My computer is new. 3.Our friends a cat. Our cat is white. 4.The children a new teacher. The new teacher is nice. 5.Charles a guitar guitar is fantastic! 6.Your parents a small car. Your car isn't new.
5. Complete the text with the verbs in brackets. Use the Present Simple. Tina S is a famous teenager from France. Millions of people ^{1.}
6.Complete the text with one or two words in each space.
I ^{1.}
7.Complete the text with there are, quantifiers, determiners and the correct form of the verbs in brackets.
Animals with Computers
(1)
(2) scientist at the Wolf Science Centre in Austria, they do. (3)



special computers at the centre	and Oberliessen (4)	
(teach) the wolves how to use them. What (5)	a wolf	(do)
with a computer? It (6) (touch) s	ymbols on the computer with	its legs or
nose to play a game. The wolves get (7)	food when they choo	se
a correct symbol in the game, but they (8)	always	(not eat)
it. Because of this, Oberliessen (9)	(not think) the animals only	y play for food
 she believes they also 		
(10) (play) the games for fun.		



Rewrite:

1 I only visit my uncles once in a while. HARDLY
I my uncles. 2. Tomorrow the students are having an exam. IS
an exam tomorrow for the students.
3.My friends rarely eat lunch together. OFTEN
My friends lunch together.
4. This house isn't mine. BELONG
This house to me.
5.There are no onions in this salad. ANY
There in this salad.
6.Lauren rarely walks her dog. OFTEN
Lauren her dog.
7.I don't like the taste of this food.
This foodgood.
8.What's your opinion about snakes? THINK
What snakes?
9.I'm not hungry. WANT
I any food.
10.My dog hates fish. NEVER
My dog fish.

UNIT 2.

1.Read the text about ice cream.

CHOCOLATE, VANILLA AND ... CHICKEN?

Do you like ice cream? Ice cream is a very popular dessert all around the world. The traditional flavours – vanilla, chocolate and strawberry – are favourites in many places. For example, they are three of the four favourite flavours of ice cream in Japan and the USA. But how many other flavours of ice cream are there? There are hundreds! Some types of ice cream have got fruit flavours or different types of chocolate. There are some very unusual flavours, too. For example, in Japan, people love green tea ice cream. You can find corn ice cream in Mexico and avocado ice cream in Brazil. There's a type of Peruvian ice cream with strawberries and jalapeños and they've got caviar ice cream in France. In Merida, Venezuela, there's an ice cream shop with spaghetti and cheese ice cream. Disgusting? Then don't try Japanese chicken wing ice cream or Indian fish ice cream!

2.Complete the questions with Is there, Are there or How many. Then answer the questions.

1	popular flavours of ice cream in Japan are there in the text?
2	different flavours of ice cream are there?
3	an African country in the text?
4	any South American countries in the text?
	nationalities are there in the text?



	ces with the words below a, an, some or any.	v. Use the correct form of <i>There is</i> or
1. not / good pro	ogrammes / on TV / this w	eek / .
2.not / sports le	•	
3.dogs / in the p	oark / ?	
4.not / sugar / ir		
5.onion / in the		
4.Complete the se	ntences with Present Simp	le or Present Continuous.
1. What	Ross	(do) now?
2.1	(not read) a science	e-fiction book right now.
3. Joe	(study) history o	n Mondays.
4. The girls	(sit) in the c	cinema at the moment.
5.	Pam	(like) Chinese food?
6. We	usually	(not go) to the park at night.
5.Choose the corr	·	e with Present Simple or Present Continuous. the Eiffel Tower
weather's warm and amazing view of the views. But people (closed. Instead, the tallest buildings in F seconds to get ther	d it (2) (not e city. The Eiffel Tower is Par 3) (not climely (4) (visit) France. There's a lift to the 56 to because it's one of the fast not like) the Montparnasse To bular. Why? Because from the	(do) in Paris today? It's a beautiful spring day. The rain) right now, so it's a perfect time to see an is' most popular tourist attraction and it's got incredible b) to the top of this iconic landmark today because it's the Montparnasse Tower to see Paris from one of the 6th floor, and it only (5)





6. Complete the text with the correct form of there is or there are, a, an, the, some, any, How much or How many.

A Big Mac is 1	. amazing hamburger sandwich from M	1cDonald	ľs. 2	two
hamburgers and onions in a Big	Mac. There's 3 chee	ese, too,	but 4	any
tomatoes. Big Macs haven't got	5 ketchup, but they	've got M	1cDona	ald's
famous "special sauce". 6	McDonald's restaurants	in many	/ count	tries
around the world, but there are	7 differences in their	Big Mac	s. In In	ıdia,
8	Big	Macs	are	with
chicken. In				
China, Ireland, Thailand and Ja	apan, 9 a "Double B	ig Mac"	– with	four
hamburgers and extra cheese!	10 meat is there in a	a Big Mad	c? The	two
hamburgers are about 91 gram	s. 11 calories are the	nere in a	Big M	ac?
12 about 500	calories in 13regular Big Mac.			

7. Rewrite the following sentences so they mean the same than the first one.

1.My mum is not hungry. She any food. 2.I like the room but it hasn't got any cupboards. 3.Don talk to me during the film. Don't talk to me while the film. 4.Lucy isn't an English teacher. Lucy English. 5. The boys are in the middle of a football game. The boys football now. 6. David doesn't often play tennis with his friends. David rarely with his friends. 7. We only visit my uncles once in a while. We my uncles. 8. There are no tomatoes in this salad. There in this salad. 10. Jenny doesn't shop here at this time of day. Jenny here right now. 12. Alice is bored because she doesn't like visiting museums. Alice fun at the museum at the moment.



UNIT 3.

1.Read the telephone conversation between Ross and his friend.

"Hi Eddy. It's Ross. I'm in London with Sal and Pamela. I'm sitting next to City Hall at the moment. Guess where Sal and Pamela are? They're flying above London in a hot air balloon! I'm waiting for them here with our bags, but it's my turn next. It's amazing. People usually travel around for days to see London. But now you can see it all in one hour on the Adventure Balloons tour. I'm reading the brochure about the tour right now. There are tours on Mondays to Fridays, but the balloons don't fly in the rain. You travel over Big Ben, the London Eye, Buckingham Palace, Hyde Park, Wembley Stadium, the Tate Museum and all the other interesting places. And you can see for kilometres in every direction. Oh, I can see the balloon now! It's

interesting places. And you can see for kilometres in every direction. Oh, I can see the balloon now! It's over Tower Bridge on the River Thames and it's travelling in this direction. Oh, no! It's starting to rain.

Now I can't go on the tour!"

Answer the questions. 1. Where is Ross at the moment? 2. Why is the balloon trip a good way to see London? 3. What places do you see from the balloon? 4. Why doesn't Ross go on the balloon trip after Sal and Pamela? **GRAMMAR:** 2. Complete the sentences with the comparative form of the adjectives in brackets. 1. Your house is huge. It's(big) mine! Your class is (noisy) our class. The necklace is (pretty) the ring. The film is(frightening) the book! 6 7 My phone is (good) yours. Jenny's hair is (thick) Sarah's hair. Complete the sentences with the superlative form of the adjectives in brackets. 1 Your house is(big)! **3** Your class is (noisy) . 4 The necklace is (pretty) . **5** The film is(frightening). **6** This actor is (famous) .

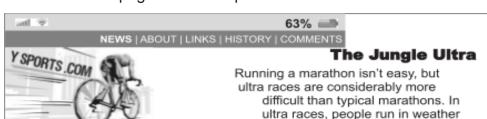


7	My phone is	(good) .
8	Jenny's hair is	(beautiful)
4.	Complete the text with cor	mparatives and superlatives:
chacul we (3) the Be citi	anges of the early 1990's, the ltural and architectural herital eather in Prague is very simile) as execity but I think that it is (4) esides, Public transport is (5) ies where you pay less. The example airport to take your luggage	popular tourist destinations in Europe. After all the political e capital of the Czech Republic began to take advantage of its beautiful age to attract (2)tourists than ever before. The ar to the one we have in Spain so we can say that its weather is (good) in our country. People can use public transport to move around(easy) to move around this wonderful city on foot(expensive) in Prague than in other European (6)(bad) thing about travelling to Prague is waiting at e. Sometimes it took (7) than one hour to get your personal ng queue! It was (8) stressful day of my life!
1 I th	John has the highest score in high that John is	ence so that it means the same as the first: n the competition. player in this event. be and the ones in the Hakun tribe have the same colorful clothes.
111	This even is not as difficult.	the Hakun clothes.
	This exam is not as difficult a	
		than this exam.
	<u> </u>	ay party. I don't remember enjoying a party so much.
		party that I have lived in my life. e public most of the time. (usually)
	•	
	Ann doesn't like watching ac	to the public.
		action films. in America all the time. (always)
		, ,
		in America.
	The famous actor has a lot of	
ın	the Lewis is remarking All II	rich .
	• •	e other museums in France are smaller.(the)
		museum in France.
		all and CN Tower is 553m tall. (than)
		the CN Tower.
	. Rebecca acts better than J	
Jh	on	Rebecca.



UNIT 4

1.Read the web page. Then complete the sentences that follow.



cold temperatures. They sometimes include challenging locations like high mountains or icy lakes. Athletes mustn't participate in these races without properly preparing for them.

One of the most difficult ultra races is the Jungle Ultra. The Jungle Ultra is an extreme 230-kilometre, five-day running event in the Amazon. Athletes start the race at Cloud Forest in Peru. Athletes must adapt to the high elevation of about 3,650 metres. On the first day of the race, they run 38 kilometres, but they go downhill, so this should be easy for them.

During the Jungle Ultra, participants run in temperatures of 40°C. There is often heavy rain, so the ground can be wet. In some places, it's very dark and it's difficult to see the dangerous animals, such as snakes and spiders, around them. Worst of all, athletes must cross 70 rivers along the route. Man-eating reptiles live in some of these rivers, so the journey across is very dangerous.

Participants must maintain their energy during the race. They should eat well, but they can't carry large quantities of food. What do the runners eat during the race? Bananas and apples can give the runners energy, but fresh fruit is heavy to carry. Dried fruit, rice and meat like ham is easier to carry. Energy bars are also a good idea. The runners must carry a bottle of water and they can get more water in several places. They should drink often. Athletes also need rest. When they arrive at one of the camps at night, they can change into a dry T-shirt and shorts and sleep for several hours.

The Jungle Ultra is an amazing experience, but most people can't imagine participating in this very difficult and dangerous race.

1.Ultra races are more difficult than most marathons because of theand the
2.Before you run in an ultra race, you should
3.The location of the Jungle Ultra is , the distance is
and it lasts for days.
4.The starting place of the Jungle Ultra is difficult because of its
2.Answer the questions.1. How does the weather affect the running conditions of the Jungle Ultra?
2. Why is it important for runners to eat well?
3. What should participants eat according to the web page?
4. What three things do runners carry with them?
5. In addition to eating well, what two other things are important for runners to do?
3 Find words or phrases in the text to match the definitions below.
1. difficult (lines 1-8) 2.correctly (lines 1-8) 3. descend (lines 9-14) 4.go to the other side of (lines 15-20)



Ш	EL PILAR - SOTO DEL REAL
5.	amounts (lines 21-29)
4	4. Choose the correct answer.
	1. Can / Should / Can't we take our coats? Is it cold outside?
	2. You mustn't / should / shouldn't ride your bike here. It's prohibited.
	3. Someone took my bike! Now I can / should / must walk home.
	4. Should / Can / Shouldn't you get our ball, please? It's in your garden.
	5. I can't / shouldn't / must enter the swimming competition. I don't know how to swim.
	6. Max has got a busy day tomorrow. He can / shouldn't / can't go to bed late.
	7. You should / can / mustn't have a good meal. You need energy.
	8. Ray's an amazing swimmer. He should / must / can swim very fast.
	Rewrite the sentences with can't, must, mustn't, should or shouldn't. Do not change the meaning of the original sentences. 1. It isn't a good idea to wear sandals.
2	2. It's necessary to read the instructions.
;	3. Our advice to athletes is to drink often.
4	4.Bob doesn't know how to play tennis.
į	5. Don't talk during the competition.
6.	Complete the sentences with suitable words.
	1. People usually add salt and to soup.
	2. Ais an item of clothing for girls.
	3. There are often tomatoes and on a pizza.
	4. People go on a bike.
	5. People wear under their clothes.
	6. You buy and cakes in a bakery.
	7. Judo and are sports from Japan.
	8. I hate high places, so I never go

9.is a type of meat from a pig.

10. Many restaurants in England sell fish and



UNIT 5.

1.Read the headlines and the news articles. Then answer the questions that follow.

HEADLINES – 29th August, 2017

- Harvey: Category 4 hurricane worst in 50 years
- Hurricane Harvey hits Texas coast
- Harvey causes floods in Louisiana and Texas
- Flood kills woman in car
- Kind citizens help hurricane victims

TEXAS RECEIVES CLEAN WATER: The Anheuser-Busch company in Georgia usually makes beer. But yesterday, their workers weren't doing their usual jobs. Instead of filling cans with alcoholic drinks, they were filling them with clean drinking water. People in the disaster areas haven't got clean drinking water, so the company is sending them more than 155,000 cans of water. This wasn't the first time this company stopped production to help disaster victims. Last year, they sent water to the victims of California's forest fires.

MATTRESS MACK OPENS HIS DOORS: Many people lost their homes in the hurricane and didn't have places to sleep. Jim "Mattress Mack" McIngvale sells furniture in Houston, Texas. He has got two large furniture shops and he opened the doors to these shops and invited victims to come to his shops to sleep. More than 750 people were sleeping on chairs, sofas, beds and mattresses in these shops after the hurricane.

GENEROUS FAMILY FEEDS RESCUE WORKERS: Rescue teams and volunteers were working hard to save people from the floods. Weak and hungry from hours of work, they needed food to continue. There weren't any restaurants or shops open, so Matthew Otero decided to open his doughnut shop to help them. There wasn't any electricity, so Otero used an electric generator. He and his family were working day and night to make coffee and doughnuts for the rescue teams and other people in the area.

BRAVE PEOPLE SAVE LIVES:Today, many brave citizens arrived with boats to pull people out of the water. CNN reporter Ed Lavandera was also travelling on a boat in the floods. During his news report, a woman called to him and asked for help to rescue her parents. He immediately stopped reporting and helped to pull the family into his boat.

Answer the questions:

1.	What is the common theme of all the reports and headlines?
2.	What was happening at the Georgia company the day before the report?
3.	How many people did Mattress Mack help and how did he help them?
4.	According to the report, how did the rescue workers feel?
5.	What is Lavandera's job and why was he in the area of the floods?
Fir	nd the words in the text to match the definitions below.
1.	a type of alcoholic drink (lines 1-11)
2.	metal containers (lines 1-11)
3.	soft part of a bed (lines 12-20)
4.	groups of people working together (lines 21-30)
5.	people living in a particular town, city or country (lines 31-38)



2.Complete the text with the correct form of the verbs below. There are more verbs than you need. build • destroy • create • change • happen • save • receive • become • disappear • begin
Is the Pacific island of Tuvalu 1 under the ocean?
The climate is 2 and causing water levels in the oceans to rise.
Today, Tuvalu is only about two metres above the level of the ocean. The farmland
is 3 salty and the island's food source is in danger. Also, tropical
storms are causing many problems. In 1972, a hurricane 4homes and farms
on the island. The island 5 help from organisations such as the Red
Cross and people 6 their homes again. Now, people 7.
to protect their farms with trees, but they can't 8 the island from the rising ocean.
3.Complete the text with the verbs in brackets. Use the Past Simple affirmative or negative.
In the 1970s, a British and a French company 1 (make) the first
supersonic commercial aeroplane – Concorde. Concorde 2 (have)
100 seats. It 3 (begin) flying in 1976. These aeroplanes 4.
(fly) 2,173 kilometres an hour. They 5 (not travel)
across the Atlantic Ocean in eight hours, like ordinary commercial aeroplanes. The
journey from London to New York was only 3.5 hours!
In 2000, there was a terrible accident. A Concorde plane 6 (not arrive) at its destination.
It 7 (crash) in France and all the people on the plane 8.
(die). After that, people 9 (not want) to fly on
Concorde any more and the supersonic flights stopped. But the company 10.
(not destroy) the planes. They are in museums in Britain and
France.
4.Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Use the Past Continuous or Past Simple.
1.While Alex (stay) in Amsterdam, he (visit) a
lot of art galleries. 2.I (pack) my suitcase when I (get) your message.



111	EL PILAR - SOTO DEL REA	L							
	emma		•	e) her r	notorbik	e when th	ne accide	ent	
4.Wh (unp	nile Mum and ack) things fr	Dad om the car	·						
5.It statio	 on		(start) rain	ing whi	le they .			(leave)	the train
				<u>U</u>	NIT 6				
Dage	d 415 5 45 74 5 15	a4 1:11)a 1	a di da						
Read	d the text ab	out Jiii's i							
TG11	Drown and he	or cictore li			LAND H		m thair h	ome in Cene	do Thoir
par	Jill Brown and her sisters like holidays in exotic places far from their home in Canada. Their parents prefer staying in Canada. Last year, the Browns went to Toronto. But this summer, they're								
_	ng to have a d in Canada. A								
Pol	ynesian room	has got gre	en plants a	nd pictu	res of the	e ocean. T	here's a J	acuzzi with a	waterfall
	ove it, too. In the Afri	_			_			_	
Bro	owns are stayii	ng at the Fa	ntasyland I	Hotel for	four nig	hts. Jill ar	nd her sist	ers are going	to stay in
	nplete the s	•							
will	, be going to	or the Pr	esent Co	ntinuo	us with	future m	eaning.		
1.	This sun	nmer, Ji	ll and	her	family				(be) in
2.	J	ill						(sleep)	in
 3.	Jill's	s						(be)	in
	In							, ,	
									(see)
	Jill's	ра						(sleep)	in
Ar	nswer the qu	estions a	ccording	to the t	ext.				
1 \	Who wants a	n unusual :	and exotic	: holida	v ?				
					•				
۷.۱	Who prefers I	iolidays ne	ai nome?	•					



	What does the Polynesian room look like?
	what does the Folyhesian room look like?
	How long are Jill and her family going to be at the hotel?
2.C	omplete the text with the correct form of the words below. There are more words than you need. jump • hamburger • jewellery • happen • fork • clean the house • steak • disappear • restaurant get together • discover • throw • build • lake • have lunch • newsagent • desert
The ate it or a 5. ring Sud fell was very extr Rob	at the Gnarly Gar 2, in Texas. The owners of Gnarly Gar 3
	ewrite the sentences using the words in brackets. Do not change the meaning of the original sentence. It is rainy today and the weather forecast for tomorrow is no change. (probably)
	the original sentence.
1.	the original sentence. It is rainy today and the weather forecast for tomorrow is no change. (probably)
1. 2.	It is rainy today and the weather forecast for tomorrow is no change. (probably) I have a dentist appointment this Tuesday. (am) We've got plans to visit our friends in New York next month. (visiting) My parents decided to have a holiday in France this summer. (going)
 1. 2. 3. 	It is rainy today and the weather forecast for tomorrow is no change. (probably) I have a dentist appointment this Tuesday. (am) We've got plans to visit our friends in New York next month. (visiting)



7.	The party	in one hour.					
8.	It's cold, but it pro	bably tomorro	W.				
9.	She sang	at the event.					
10.	Your costume is	of all the costu	mes.				
5.Con	nplete the sentend	ces with the correct form of the	verbs and adjectives in brackets.				
	•		the lake after the flood yesterday.				
2. People often (not climb) the volcano. It's active.							
3. Wha	atLeo	nardo Davinci (inve	nt)many centuries ago ?				
4. This is(good) film of all this year.							
5. Right now, the man (not move).							
6. Bill is(intelligent) the other boys.							
7. I		(go) to the beach yesterday.					
8. At 1	11 pm last night, Ma	ark(not s	leep). He was at a party.				
9. Whi	ile we	(write) it	(stop) raining.				